Provider Diagnosis Codes – ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding

All providers (hospitals, physicians, ASCs, etc.) must report a diagnosis code(s) when submitting a claim for payment to an insurer whether it is Medicare, Medicaid, or a commercial plan, such as Aetna or United Healthcare. The diagnosis code supports the medical necessity for the service and lets the payer know why the service was performed.

The following diagnosis codes may apply to patients undergoing the Intracept Procedure:

- **M47.816** Spondylosis w/o myelopathy or radiculopathy, lumbar region
- **M47.817** Spondylosis w/o myelopathy or radiculopathy, lumbosacral region
- **M51.36** Other intervertebral disc degeneration, lumbar
- **M51.37** Other intervertebral disc degeneration, lumbosacral
- **M54.5** Low back pain

Providers may wish to contact Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) or third-party payers to confirm coverage and verify appropriate ICD-10 diagnosis codes.

Physician Coding – CPT Code

Intracept is a relatively new spine procedure. A specific CPT code has not been established. Therefore, consistent with AMA coding guidelines, physicians should report the following:

- **CPT code 22899** Unlisted procedure, spine

An unlisted procedure code is generally reported when a Category I or III code does not adequately describe the procedure performed.

It is the responsibility of the provider to ensure all information required to process unlisted procedure codes is included on the claim form when the claim is submitted:

- Obtain written prior authorization (different than precertification) for elective (non-Medicare) cases.
- Submit CMS 1500 claim form (include concise description of the service in item 19) with operative report and cover letter.
- Analyze EOBs for appropriate reimbursement.
- Expect payment delays.
- Do not use modifiers on unlisted procedure codes.
- Do not report more than one unlisted procedure code per anatomic area operative session.

With respect to payment, it will be necessary to negotiate payment as unlisted CPT codes are not assigned relative value units.

Unlisted Codes and Payment Considerations

Report an unlisted code if no CPT code describes the procedure. In the cover letter that is transmitted with the claim, you should:

1. Identify and describe a comparator procedure (and CPT code) that the surgeon performs that is similar to the Intracept Procedure. Keep in mind that the comparator/base code should represent surgery on the same anatomical area, involve the same or similar approach and exposure, and if possible, require the same amount of skill and time.

2. List 2-3 things that make the unlisted procedure MORE OR LESS difficult than the existing comparison code in CPT.

3. Assess the RVUs of the similar code, making sure you feel it represents a “fair value” for the work involved. Next you will:
   a. Convert this GREATER OR LESSER degree of difficulty to a % INCREASE OR DECREASE in your fee for the existing comparison code.
   b. List your normal fee for the existing comparison code. Keep in mind that the percent is critically important. The payer will adjust up or down from their fee schedule, not your charge.

Medical Necessity and Prior Authorization Documentation

The patient’s medical record must contain documentation to support medical necessity of the procedure. Medical record documentation should include a detailed history and physical including any diagnostics studies and treatment to support the rationale for the Intracept Procedure. Appropriate documentation should demonstrate medical necessity and include additional information as noted below:

- **Intracept is medically indicated in patients who have**
  - A history of low back pain of at least 6 months duration; and
  - Failed to respond to at least 6 months of non-surgical management; and
  - MRI demonstrated Modic Type 1 or 2 changes in at least one vertebral endplate, at one or more levels from L3 to S1; and
  - Activities of daily living that are limited by persistent low back pain; and
  - All other reasonable sources of pain have been ruled out.

- **Published articles and clinical information supporting the efficacy of the procedure.

- **Cover letter that is concise and outlines the procedure, medical necessity, and requested fee.**

Physicians should contact their specialty society, the AMA, or the payer if they have questions related to CPT coding.
Hospital Outpatient Coding and 2019 Medicare Payment

Hospital Outpatient Departments also report CPT codes, and in some instances, HCPCS C codes, when billing for procedures. As noted above, the Intracept Procedure is relatively new and a specific CPT code has not been established by the AMA. Effective January 1, 2019, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) established two new HCPCS C codes to report the Intracept Procedure. Depending on the procedures performed, for Medicare claims, hospital outpatient departments will report one or both of the following:

- **C9752** Destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, first two vertebral bodies, including imaging guidance (e.g., fluoroscopy), lumbar/sacrum
- **C9753** Destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, each additional vertebral body, including imaging guidance (e.g., fluoroscopy), lumbar/sacrum (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

Hospital outpatient departments should verify with the relevant commercial payer regarding whether they require that facilities bill the C codes for the Intracept Procedures or the following unlisted CPT code:

- **CPT code 22899** Unlisted procedure, spine

Medicare payment for hospital outpatient procedures is based on Ambulatory Payment Classifications (APCs). Below we list the Medicare Hospital Outpatient Payment for C9752.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APC</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>2019 Medicare APC Payment*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5115</td>
<td>Level 5 Musculoskeletal Procedures</td>
<td>$10,714**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**HCPCS code C9753 is packaged into payment for C9752.

Hospital Outpatient Departments may negotiate with private payers regarding payment for procedures billed with the C codes or an unlisted CPT code. Confirm with the facility contract whether the appropriate negotiation provisions are included in the payer contract.

To learn more about the Intracept Procedure, please visit relievant.com

Ambulatory Surgery Center – Coding and 2019 Medicare Payment

As with Hospital Outpatient Departments, Ambulatory Surgery Centers also report CPT codes, and in some instances, HCPCS C codes, to bill for procedures. Because the Intracept Procedure is relatively new, a specific CPT code has not been established by the AMA for the Intracept Procedure. Effective January 1, 2019, for Medicare claims, providers should bill one or both (depending on the procedures performed) of the following HCPCS C codes:

- **C9752** Destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, first two vertebral bodies, including imaging guidance (e.g., fluoroscopy), lumbar/sacrum
- **C9753** Destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, each additional vertebral body, including imaging guidance (e.g., fluoroscopy), lumbar/sacrum (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

The 2019 Medicare national ASC payment rate is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Code</th>
<th>Descriptor</th>
<th>2019 ASC Payment Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C9752</td>
<td>Destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, first two vertebral bodies, including imaging guidance (e.g., fluoroscopy), lumbar/sacrum</td>
<td>$6,823**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For private/commercial payers, depending on the specific payer requirements, ASCs may report either one or both of the HCPCS C codes or the following unlisted CPT code:

- **CPT code 22899** Unlisted procedure, spine

Most private insurers will negotiate with ASCs to establish payment for procedures billed with an unlisted CPT code such as CPT 22899. Commercial payers may also negotiate with ASCs to establish payment for HCPCS C codes. Providers may want to review their contracts with payers to see which ones provide payment for unlisted codes and/or HCPCS C codes. If a provision for payment does not exist, providers may want to check if there is an opportunity to negotiate for payment of the unlisted code or the HCPCS C codes.

Indications for Use

The Intracept Intraosseous Nerve Ablation System is intended to be used in conjunction with radiofrequency (RF) generators for the ablation of basivertebral nerves of the L3 through S1 vertebrae for the relief of chronic low back pain of at least 6 months duration that has not responded to at least 6 months of conservative care, and is also accompanied by either Type 1 or Type 2 Modic changes on an MRI.

Relevant Medsystems Inc. is pleased to provide general information on coding, coverage, and payment. This information is not intended to be legal or financial advice. Nothing in this guide should be construed as a guarantee by Relievant of coverage or payment for Intracept Procedures. Nothing in the document should be viewed as an instruction to use a particular code or influence levels of payment. Providers are responsible for exercising their own professional clinical judgement and reporting the codes that accurately reflect the patient’s condition and the services rendered and submit bills consistent with the patient’s insurer requirements. Reimbursement changes annually. This information is accurate as of January 1, 2019. Providers are advised to consult with the applicable payer or the Specialty Society or legal counsel for any coding, payment or billing related issues.